Airport Safety Rules and Regulations

Approved: August 2010

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# Revision Index

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<td>N/A</td>
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<td>8/0/10</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>Review and Revision: Add Forward</td>
<td>8/20/14</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>Added new rules 15.15, 15.16, 20.4 and additional notes.</td>
<td>12/30/14</td>
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<td>Revised 20.4. Added 20.5, 20.6, 20.7 and 20.8. Revised Driver’s Guide.</td>
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<td>4</td>
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<td>Phone Numbers, Modified 10.14, Re-Titled Section 14.0; Modified/re organized 14.4, 14.5, 14.9, 14.10, 14.15, 14.16, 14.17, 14.18, 14.19; Re-numbered Section 15, added 15.13 for passenger boarding bridge violations; Modified 21.7 in accordance with new ATCT LOA; Revised Executive Leadership job titled in Penalties for Safety Violations section; Added GOAA Policy 730.02 as an appendix; Clarified language throughout document.</td>
<td>5/13/21</td>
<td>GC</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>Violations issued by Airport Operations and ARFF. Section 14 ARFF expanded and penalties extended. Section 16 added the Passenger Boarding Bridge. Corrected typos and grammar from previous revisions.</td>
<td>2/14/23</td>
<td>TC and RF</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>Under “Important Phone Numbers,” added “Ground Transportation” to the list; In Group 3, Sections 21 and 22, clarified the required amount of movement area driver endorsement holders for non-pilots during aircraft tow/taxi movements; All safety violations in Group 3, Section 21 made red; Clarified and simplified language throughout document.</td>
<td>2/15/23</td>
<td>TC and RF</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>Removed GOAA Policy 730.02 as an appendix; Clarified language throughout document.</td>
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Introduction

The Greater Orlando Aviation Authority (GOAA) is committed to providing the Orlando International Airport community with a safe and secure working environment. This document outlines some of the Safety Rules and Regulations of the Air Operations Area (AOA), Terminal Areas, and outlying parcels on airport property, as well as the violations that are issued to promote and maintain the safety, health, peace, convenience, and welfare of the airport's employees, tenants, commercial users, and traveling public.

Other Safety Rules and Regulations are described by Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR), the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) Regulations, Florida Law, City of Orlando Ordinance, and GOAA policies and procedures. These Airport Safety Rules and Regulations are supplemental to those described elsewhere.

This document serves as an awareness aid and outlines not only these Airport Safety Rules and Regulations, but also the penalties for violations. Safety Violations are issued by GOAA Airport Operations and Aircraft Rescue and Fire Fighting (ARFF) personnel in response to noncompliance with any safety rules, regulations, policies, or procedures. It is the responsibility of every person and entity working or conducting business at the Orlando International Airport to maintain a current working knowledge of, and to comply with, all safety rules, regulations, policies, and procedures.

These Airport Safety Rules and Regulations are divided into three (3) groups.

**Group One:**
Terminal Areas, Outlying Parcels, and Non-Movement Area Rules and Safety Violations

**Group Two:**
Movement Area Rules and Safety Violations

**Group Three:**
Aircraft Tow and Taxi Operations by Non-Pilots on the Airport

These Airport Safety Rules and Regulations may be supplemented, amended, or repealed at any time by GOAA. Comments and requests for clarification should be addressed to the issuing department (e.g. Airport Operations or ARFF).
Airport Safety Rules and Regulations
Definitions and Facts

Air Operations Area (AOA)
The Air Operations Area (AOA) is any area on the airfield where an aircraft can operate. This includes all the runways, taxiways, and aircraft ramps.

The AOA is divided into two (2) designated areas; the Non-Movement Area and the Movement Area.

Non-Movement Area
The Non-Movement Area comprises those areas on the AOA that ARE NOT controlled by the Air Traffic Control Tower (ATCT). The Non-Movement Area includes all the AOA aircraft ramps (the four Airside ramps, North Cargo Ramp, Cessna Citation Ramp, West Ramp, FedEx Ramp, Alert Site, JetBlue Ramp, and Silver Airways Ramp, and Terminal C Ramp). Aircraft movements on ramps may be under the control of a virtual ramp control tower.

Movement Area
The Movement Area comprises those areas on the AOA that ARE under the control of the ATCT and require their authorization or “clearance” to enter and operate. The Movement Area includes all runways, taxiways, and associated safety areas. Safety areas are the areas adjacent to runways and taxiways.

Incursions
An Incursion is the unauthorized entry onto the Movement Area. If a driver or person commits an incursion, then the driver or person’s MCO Badge will be suspended or revoked immediately.

Incursions can be caused by:

- Driving onto the Movement Area without the proper authorization or “clearance” from the ATCT.
- Being distracted while driving (e.g. talking/texting on a cell phone or radio and not paying attention).
- Interfering with an aircraft operation (i.e. failing to yield to an aircraft).

Best way to prevent an incursion: STAY OFF THE MOVEMENT AREA!
FIVE (5) visual aids that indicate where the Movement Area begins:

**DO NOT ENTER SIGNS**
Located at the entrance to the taxiways from the aircraft ramps

**NON-MOVEMENT AREA BOUNDARY MARKING**
Painted across the entire width of the entrance to the taxiway.

**DO NOT CROSS THE SOLID YELLOW LINE WITHOUT CLEARANCE!**

**TAXIWAYS HAVE GREEN CENTERLINE LIGHTS**
Green centerline lights begin just beyond the Non-Movement Area Boundary Marking.

**TAXIWAYS HAVE BLUE EDGE LIGHTS**
**ON BOTH SIDES OF THE PAVEMENT**
Ramps only have blue edge lights on one side of the pavement.

**TAXIWAY INFORMATION SIGNS**
Located at the entrance to the taxiways
Indications that an Aircraft is ready to Push-back

- Rotating Beacon is on. This is usually a red flashing or rotating light located on the top and bottom of the aircraft.
- Passenger Boarding Bridge (PBB) pulled away from the aircraft and all doors are closed.
- Wing-walker(s) positioned near the wing tip(s). They ensure proper wing-tip clearances during push-back.
- Hoses and cords disconnected from the aircraft.
- Push-back tug is connected to the aircraft.
- Wheel chocks have been removed.

Non-Movement Area Driver Endorsement (🚗🚗)
In order to drive on the AOA, all vehicle operators must have in their possession a valid driver license and a valid MCO ID Badge with the Non-Movement Area Driver Endorsement (🚗🚗). The Non-Movement Area Driver Endorsement expires every two (2) years. Drivers need to retake the Non-Movement Area Driver Training Course to renew their non-movement area driver privileges. The Non-Movement Area Driver Endorsement allows you to drive on the airport's service roads, tug roads, baggage make-up areas, and the Non-Movement Area (aircraft ramps).

Movement Area Driver Endorsement (🛩️🛩️)
Before entering the Movement Area you must have:
- A valid driver license
- A valid MCO ID Badge with the Movement Area Driver Endorsement (🛩️🛩️)
- Authorization from GOAA Airfield Operations
- Authorization or “clearance” from ATCT

The Movement Area Driver Endorsement expires every year. Drivers need to retake the Movement Area Driver CBT Course each year to renew their Movement Area driver privileges. The Movement Area Driver Endorsement allows you to drive on the airport's Movement Area, which includes runways, taxiways and associated safety areas.

General Rules for Driving on the AOA (not all-inclusive)

- RULE #1 when driving on the AOA: AIRCRAFT ALWAYS HAVE THE RIGHT-OF-WAY!
- No more than four (4) carts or pallets may be towed behind vehicles when operating on the AOA.
- Always ensure load has been properly secured before towing.
- Always ensure you have the proper height clearances before you drive under breezeways, Terminal Link/Gate Link (APM) tracks, overpasses, or in baggage make-up areas.
- Anyone involved in or observing an accident involving an aircraft, property damage, injury, or death, MUST report it IMMEDIATELY by calling 911.
- Never drive between an aircraft and airside terminal while the aircraft is loading or unloading passengers at ramp level.
- Beware of Jet Blast. NEVER drive behind an aircraft with operating engines!
- No smoking on the AOA unless in a marked Designated Smoking Area. No smoking inside any vehicle being operated on the AOA.
**Speed Limits**

30 or 35 MPH: on Service Roads only (as posted)

20 MPH: on All Aircraft Ramps or when towing on any service roads

5 MPH: in close proximity to any aircraft, in the baggage make-up areas, or in West Ramp Fire Lanes.

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**Foreign Object Debris (FOD)**

Foreign Object Debris is any item located in an inappropriate location in the airport environment that has the potential to injure airport or air carrier personnel or damage property. It is the responsibility and obligation of everyone who travels on the AOA to remove any FOD encountered and place in containers or FOD buckets.

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**Hazardous Materials (HAZMAT) Spills**

All HAZMAT spills (i.e. fuel, oil, hydraulic fluids, and lavatory content) **MUST** be reported **IMMEDIATELY** by calling 911. Advise the 911 Operator on the type and approximate amount of materials spilled, and the location of the spill. Clean-up efforts must begin immediately. Prevent persons and vehicles from walking or driving through the spill until Emergency Response Vehicles arrive. GOAA Communications Center can also be reached at (407) 825-2065.

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**Important GOAA Phone Numbers**

When reporting **EMERGENCIES**, dial 911 from any airport or cellular phone.

When dialing any of the following numbers from an internal airport telephone, the last four digits are all that are necessary.

**Airport Communications Center**: ................................................................. (407) 825-2065

For all **Non-Emergency** calls, the Airport Communications Center can dispatch Airfield Operations, Landside Operations, Airport Security, Aircraft Rescue and Firefighting (ARFF), and the Orlando Police Department (OPD) as needed.

**Airfield Operations**: ......................................................................................... (407) 825-2036

For airfield condition reports or authorization to access the Movement Area; for assistance or concerns regarding the airfield; for bird or animal problems; or for questions about operations on the AOA.

**Landside Operations**: ....................................................................................... (407) 825-2123

For questions regarding airport terminal operations, airport roadways off the AOA, parking, or tenant concerns.

**Airport Operations Center (AOC)**: ....................................................................... (407) 825-3840

For questions concerning airline operations or aircraft gate assignments, baggage belts, and passenger boarding bridge concerns.

**Baggage Handling System (BHS) Control Center - Terminals A & B**: ................... (407) 825-2247

**Terminal C**: ................................................................................................. (407) 825-2242

For questions concerning the baggage handling system including piers, carousels, and baggage belts.

**Airport Security**: ............................................................................................ (407) 825-3000

For questions about security-related incidents, electronic vehicle gates, fencing problems, or an interpretation of Airport Security Regulations.

**Access Control**: ............................................................................................. (407) 825-2130

For questions about the application and use of an airport ID badge.
Ground Transportation: ............................... (407) 825-2628
For questions about the application and use of a vehicle AOA decal.

Facilities (Maintenance) Dispatch: ............................... (407) 825-4000
For all building or facility issues.
Group One
Terminal Areas, Outlying Parcels, and Non-Movement Areas
Safety Rules and Violations

All of the following conduct is prohibited, and any such conduct shall result in the issuance of a Safety Violation.

**Bold Italicized Red** indicates that the violator’s Orlando International Airport Access Control Identification Media (MCO badge) will be confiscated at the time the safety violation is issued.

1. **CRASH**
   1.1. Failing to report an accident resulting in property damage, damage to an aircraft, or personal injury
   1.2. Leaving the scene of an accident.

2. **DRIVER LICENSE / DRIVING ENDORSEMENTS**
   2.1. Operating a vehicle without a valid driver license in your possession.
   2.2. Operating a vehicle without appropriate MCO badge endorsement.
   2.3. Operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

3. **UNSAFE VEHICLE/DEFECTIVE SAFETY EQUIPMENT/VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION**
   3.1. Operating a vehicle that is in an unsafe condition or not road worthy (e.g. malfunctioning brakes, bald tires, leaking fluids, and obstructed visibility).
   3.2. Operating a vehicle without functioning headlights/tail lights.
   3.3. Failing to use headlights (e.g. sunset to sunrise, during low visibility conditions, in baggage make-up area).
   3.4. Failing to dim high beams to oncoming aircraft or vehicular traffic.
   3.5. Operating a vehicle without being restrained by a safety belt.
   3.6. Operating a vehicle with missing, faded, or illegible company logos.

4. **LANE**
   4.1. Driving on wrong side of road.
   4.2. Driving in wrong direction on a one-way roadway.
   4.3. Obstructing driving lane with vehicle or equipment without notice to Airfield Operations.

5. **LOADS**
   5.1. Failing to properly secure load (e.g. vehicle/cart overloaded creating a hazard of losing load).
   5.2. Failing to remove FOD from roadway / AOA ramps as a result of losing load.

6. **TOWING**
   6.1. Improper towing (e.g. towing over towing speed limit, failure to use safety chains, causing FOD / road hazard).
   6.2. Towing more than four (4) carts, dollies, or other equipment.
6.3. Towing a cart, dolly, or piece of equipment between sunset and sunrise without reflectors, reflective tape, or operable lights on both the sides and rear of the towed vehicle or equipment.

7. **PASSING**
   7.1. Passing on the right (vehicle leaves pavement).
   7.2. Improper lane change (passing when meeting oncoming vehicle).
   7.3. Passing in a NO PASSING ZONE (crossing the double lines).
   7.4. Passing on a bridge / limited view roadway.

8. **RECKLESS DRIVING**
   8.1. *Unauthorized entry into the Movement Area (a/k/a an incursion).* (Note: Movement Area penalties apply: Unauthorized presence means operating on the Movement Area without proper ATC Clearance on runways and taxiways and their associated safety areas.)
   8.2. *Operating a vehicle in a manner that endangers any person or property.*
   8.3. *Operating a vehicle in a manner that results in injury, significant property damage, or damage to an aircraft.*
   8.5. *Striking a passenger boarding bridge (PBB) or its attached components with vehicle.*
   8.6. *Driving at a speed that is at least 15 MPH over the posted speed limit.*
   8.7. *Interfering with an emergency operation* (e.g. driving through an emergency scene, endangering emergency personnel).
   8.8. *Driving between an aircraft and airside terminal while the aircraft is loading or unloading passengers at ramp level.*

9. **RIGHT-OF-WAY**
   9.1. *Failing to yield to aircraft in motion.*
   9.2. *Impeding the path of a taxiing aircraft.*
   9.3. *Failing to yield to an emergency vehicle responding to an emergency.* (Emergency vehicle must be using lights or siren at time of incident.)
   9.4. Failing to yield to traffic. (E.g. approaching/entering an intersection, failure to yield to a vehicle approaching on the right.)

10. **CARELESS DRIVING**
    10.1. Driving at a speed less than double the posted speed limit or is less than 15 MPH over the posted speed limit.
    10.2. Failing to stop at posted stop sign or stop bar. (Vehicle must come to a complete stop.)
    10.3. Failing to use due care which does not result in personal injury, significant property damage, or damage to an aircraft.
    10.4. Failing to use due care for conditions (e.g. wet roadways, congested areas, areas with limited visibility).
10.5. Failing to use due care by driving behind an operating aircraft engine.
10.6. Leaving a vehicle unattended with engine running without parking brake set or wheels chocked.
10.7. Driving underneath aircraft with a vehicle not designed to service aircraft.
10.8. Improper backing (e.g. backing in a traffic lane).
10.9. Failing to obey signage/directions/signals/markings on service roads, vehicle lanes, or AOA.
10.10. Driving a scissor-type vehicle or bucket-type vehicle with scissor or bucket extended.
10.11. Driving under a passenger boarding bridge (PBB).
10.12. Driving at a speed exceeding 5 MPH within an aircraft envelope (within aircraft safety lines).
10.13. Operating a vehicle while manually typing or entering letters, numbers, symbols, or other characters into a wireless communication device (e.g. texting or instant messaging).
10.14. Operating a vehicle while sending, reading, or viewing data on a wireless communication device including, but not limited to, emailing, web browsing, and streaming media.
10.15. Operating a vehicle while wearing a headset, headphones, or other listening device other than a hearing aid or instrument for the improvement of defective human hearing.
   (Note: This does not apply to aircraft push-back headsets or personal hearing protection. Headsets for cellular phones should only provide sound through one ear and allow surrounding sounds to be heard.)
10.16. Operating a vehicle while communicating on a cellular phone without a hands-free listening device. (Headsets for cellular phones should only provide sound through one ear and allow surrounding sounds to be heard.)

11. PASSENGERS
11.1. Transporting passengers in any vehicle unless the vehicle is equipped with a seat intended for use by each passenger other than the driver. (One passenger per seat: No seat – No ride rule.)
11.2. Permitting passengers to ride on exterior of a vehicle.
11.3. Transporting passengers who are not seated on lowest level inside bed of a vehicle.
11.4. Riding in baggage cart/trailer/vehicle being towed.
11.5. Operating a vehicle without passengers in the front seat being restrained by a safety belt.

12. PARKING
12.2. Blocking emergency access gates/doors.
12.3. Parking in aircraft taxi lane.
12.4. Improper parking (e.g. parked on curb, sidewalks, or other pedestrian walkways).
12.5. Parking in unauthorized area (e.g. parked in painted restricted areas, posted No Parking or Reserved Parking areas).
12.7. Parking in roadway.
12.8. Parking in loading/unloading zone while not actively loading/unloading.
12.9. Parking under passenger boarding bridge (PBB).

13. **SMOKING ON AOA**
   13.1. Smoking on the AOA outside of a Designated Smoking Area.
   13.2. Smoking on the AOA inside a vehicle.

14. **ARFF/ FUELING OPERATIONS / LIFE SAFETY**
   14.1. Fueling or defueling aircraft inside a hangar, an enclosed area, or within 50 feet of any building.
   14.2. Conducting aircraft fueling or defueling operations without properly bonding the aircraft and fueling truck/cart.
   14.3. Conducting aircraft fueling or de-fueling operations with a fueling truck/cart that has an expired Fueling Inspection Decal, or without proper training.
   14.4. Leaving an aircraft fueling truck/cart unattended while connected to either the in-ground hydrant and/or the aircraft fueling point.
   14.5. Bypassing or disabling any safety device on any fueling system/vehicle/cart or its components. (Mandatory 5-day confiscation)
   14.6. Parking or storing a fueling truck / cart within 50 feet of any building or within 10 feet of any other vehicle.
   14.7. Use of electronic devices or any non-essential items while actively performing fueling. Earbuds are limited to one ear.
   14.8. Failing to use appropriate PPE while performing a fluid spill clean-up operation.
   14.9. Knowingly operating a fueling vehicle/cart in a non-compliant or unsafe condition (e.g. using a spill pad to block a leak and not reporting it out of service).
   14.11. Possession of smoking / vaping paraphernalia on your person within 50 feet of fueling operations.
   14.12. Use or placement of ignition sources within 50 feet of fueling operations, fuel spill, or HAZMAT.
   14.14. Restricting access to fire hydrant, fire extinguisher, Emergency Fuel Shut-Off (EFSO) locations or other life safety equipment. (Parked within 10 feet of fire hydrant, extinguisher, and EFSO.)
   14.15. Blocking or restricting access to emergency exits.
   14.16. Storing items and equipment in emergency exit stairwells.
   14.17. Using BBQ grills, smokers, gas torches, welders, or any other device that causes an open flame without advance approval from GOAA.
   14.18. Failing to give immediate notification to GOAA Communications Center for HAZMAT spill (HAZMAT includes Jet-A, gasoline, kerosene, diesel, oil, hydraulic fluid, petroleum products, and lavatory fluids).
14.20. Fueling without the use of chocks, no wheel chocks on the fueling vehicle, or poor tire condition.
14.21. Discharge or disposing of any material, liquid, or chemical on the ground or within any water drainage system.
14.22. Keeping/Leaving FOD, water bottles, or garbage on or in the fuel truck/carts.
14.23. Using non-approved buckets, leaving fuel in buckets, or not properly disposing of fuel and or pouring fuel into hydrant fuel pits.
14.24. Bringing “Out Of Service” fueling equipment onto the AOA. (Mandatory 5-day confiscation of violator’s MCO badge)
14.25. Using Fueling equipment where the Deadman Control is not operational or the rope is worn/damaged. Bonding cables are worn, damaged, or not properly attached to the clamp.
14.26. Leaks from the tank, piping, hoses, or connections. Hoses worn, damaged, or having blisters
14.27. Not having fueling agency daily inspection forms properly filled out with the fueling vehicle/cart.

15. GENERAL SAFETY AND LEASEHOLD RULES
15.1. Threatening or endangering any person on the AOA.
15.2. Failing to comply with any safety-related or security-related instruction from any GOAA, ARFF, Security, or Airfield Operations representative or another authorized person.
15.3. Unauthorized use of a pedal cycle or a motorcycle on the AOA.
15.4. Littering or creating FOD hazards on or near aircraft ramps or taxi lanes.
15.5. Failing to pick up FOD on aircraft parking positions or taxi lanes.
15.6. Coordination of, or participation in, any sports activity on any ramp or airside without prior approval from GOAA.
15.7. Unauthorized feeding, harassing, or dispersing of wildlife.
15.8. Accumulating garbage, clutter, or litter in common or leasehold areas in the airside terminals.
15.9. Accumulating flammable materials on the AOA or inside airside terminals (stockpile of wooden pallets, cardboard, paper, or rags).
15.10. Engaging in behavior, including failing to use due care, that could result in personal injury, property damage, or damage to an aircraft that does not involve operation of a vehicle.
15.11. Engaging in behavior, including failing to use due care, that results in personal injury, property damage, or damage to an aircraft that does not involve operation of a vehicle.
15.12. Operating prohibited vehicles and equipment in the baggage makeup areas during normal operations.

NOTE: baggage/belt loaders, international trach carts, aircraft towing equipment, passenger vans, lavatory trucks, and freight haulers.
16. **PASSENGER BOARDING BRIDGE (PBB) OPERATION**

16.1. Operating a passenger boarding bridge (PBB) without familiarization and airline-specific training.

16.2. Operating a passenger boarding bridge (PBB) without a valid driver’s license and valid airport-issued identification.

16.3. Operating a passenger boarding bridge (PBB) without a guide person/spotter.

16.4. Improper or unauthorized operation of passenger boarding bridge (PBB) resulting in property damage or personal injury (retraining to be coordinated through BHS/GSE).

17. **CONSTRUCTION ON THE AOA**

17.1. Unauthorized use of vehicle or equipment that poses a threat to safe aircraft operations (e.g. Part 77 Violations).

17.2. Failure to maintain construction barricades (e.g. missing flags, red lights, reflective tape, sandbags, or improper size flags).

17.3. Using non-approved barricades (e.g. railroad ties, jersey barriers, metal A-frames).

17.4. Improper lighting or marking of construction vehicles or equipment (e.g. missing company logos, AOA decals, beacon, or flag).

17.5. Improper parking of construction vehicles or equipment (e.g. parked in a runway/taxiway safety area / object-free area, parked on the paved surface of a closed runway or taxiway, parked in any area not authorized by GOAA).

17.6. Improper markings or lighting of construction areas.

17.7. Improper or unauthorized stockpiling of construction materials (in accordance with FAA Advisory Circular – Operational Safety on Airports during Construction.)

17.8. Unmarked, uncovered, or unauthorized excavations (e.g. trenches, manholes)

17.9. Commencement/ending of daily construction activities without notice to Airfield Operations

17.10. Commencement/ending of flagging activities without notice to Airfield Operations.

18. **MAINTENANCE OF VEHICLES, AIRCRAFT, AND GROUND SERVICE EQUIPMENT**

18.1. Repairing, dismantling, cleaning, or servicing any vehicle, aircraft, or equipment in any area other than the tenant’s approved maintenance leasehold area or airside gate position and adjacent ramp area, except for minor repairs necessary to restore a temporarily disabled vehicle.

18.2. Using jack stands on any airside ramp for repairing or servicing any vehicle or equipment without prior approval from Airport Operations.

18.3. Performing heavy aircraft maintenance on any airside gate position or airside ramp without prior approval from Airport Operations.

18.4. Performing aircraft engine runs above idle power in an area not designated as a run-up area.

18.5. Performing aircraft engine runs during restricted hours without prior approval from Airfield Operations. (Restricted hours are 2300 – 0700 hours local.)
Group Two
Movement Area
Safety Rules and Violations

All of the following conduct is prohibited, and any such conduct shall result in the issuance of a Safety Violation.

Note: The Movement Area includes ALL runways, taxiways, and their adjacent safety areas.

**Bold Italicized Red** indicates that the violator’s MCO Badge will be confiscated at the time the Safety Violation is issued.

19. **AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL**
   19.1. Incursion: Unauthorized presence on runways, taxiways, and their associated safety areas.
   19.2. Failing to comply with or deviation from Air Traffic Control instructions.
   19.3. Failing to comply with Air Traffic Control radio communication requirements/protocols.

20. **RECKLESS DRIVING**
   20.1. Operating on the Movement Area without authorization from GOAA Airfield Operations.
   20.2. Operating on the Movement Area within ILS Critical Areas while Critical Areas are being protected.

21. **ADDITIONAL RULES FOR THE MOVEMENT AREA**
   21.1. Failing to comply with GOAA Operational Policy and Procedure Section 730.02 (see Appendix)
   21.2. Unauthorized opening/closure of Runway or Taxiway.
   21.4. Accessing (proceeding onto or crossing) an active Runway or Runway Safety Area without authorization and escort from Airfield Operations.

**NOTES:** The following groups are exempt from having to be escorted when accessing an active runway:

1. Airfield Operations, ARFF, and FAA Technical Operations are permitted to proceed on or cross an active Runway or Runway Safety Area where there is an operational need in the performance of their duties.

2. After advising Airfield Operations, GOAA Airfield Electricians are permitted to access an active runway or Runway Safety Area unescorted, where there is an operational need in the performance of their duties during the hours of 2200-0600 hours local time.

3. Taxi-qualified and Move Team personnel are permitted to cross an active runway while towing or taxiing an aircraft.
4. No work on an active runway is permitted. Runways must be closed prior to commencement of any work on the runway. Prior approval from Airfield Operations must be obtained before conducting any work on runways.

5. Airfield Operations and FAA Tech Ops are permitted to work in a Runway Safety Area while the runway remains active in accordance with the GOAA / ATCT Letter of Agreement on file. The runway must be closed for all other work that needs to be done in the Runway Safety Area.

21.5. Operating on the Movement Area with an expired Movement Area Driver Endorsement.

21.6. Operating on the Movement Area without Movement Area Driver Endorsement.

21.7. Failure to provide a proper escort on Movement Area.

21.8. Operating a vehicle in the Movement Area without proper markings, operating beacon, or flag.

NOTES:

1. Company logos must be on both sides of vehicle.
2. Beacons must be amber in color (except for emergency and law enforcement vehicles).
3. Beacon must be attached to highest point of vehicle.
4. Beacon must be visible from all directions (including from the air).
5. Beacon must be visible during daylight and nighttime.
6. Beacon must be operating when in the Movement Area.
7. Flags can be substituted for beacons.
8. Flags must be orange/white checkered pattern (each square must be a minimum of 12 inches by 12 inches.)
9. Flags must be a minimum of 3 feet by 3 feet.
10. Flags can be only used in daylight hours.
Group Three
Aircraft Tow and Taxi Operations by Non-Pilots on the Airport
Safety Rules and Violations

Section 22 and Section 23 of GOAA’s Airport Rules and Safety Regulations defines the responsibilities and procedures parties must abide by when accessing and operating on the airport’s Air Operations Area (Non-Movement and Movement Areas) while towing an aircraft or taxiing an aircraft under its own power, without the intention of flight or by non-pilots.

**Bold Italicized Red** indicates that the violator’s MCO badge will be confiscated at the time the safety violation is issued.

Any violation of these rules on the Movement Area will be considered a Movement Area violation and subject to the penalties defined in GOAA Policy 730.02 Access and Operations on the Movement/Safety Areas.

An aircraft being taxied under its own power by non-pilots or with no intention of flight, or being towed, is considered a ground vehicle.

Maximum speed limit when towing an aircraft is:

- Taxiways and Taxi Lanes: **20 mph**
- Airside Ramps, North Ramp, & outside the Taxi Lane on the West Ramp: **5 mph**

**AIRCRAFT TOW OPERATIONS**

**Towing Qualifications**
The owner/operator will ensure that each person that will be in physical control of the aircraft while under tow, has successfully completed company-provided training on tow operations and is thoroughly familiar with all published towing procedures pertaining to the type of aircraft that is being towed, along with understanding the restrictions and/or limitations on any vehicle authorized to move an aircraft.

**For Towing on the Movement Area**
Aircraft towing operations in the Movement Area require at least one (1) qualified person with the Movement Area Driver Endorsement (MADE). The person with the MADE shall be the one communicating with the Air Traffic Control Tower (ATCT), whilst the person, who is in physical control of the aircraft and not handling communications with the ATCT, is not required to have the MADE.

Recurrent training documentation should be submitted with the application when applying for the MADE for the first time or when the MCO badge and MADE are being renewed.

**Notes**
During the performance of an aircraft tow, the person handling communications with the Air Traffic Control Tower (ATCT) assumes all responsibility for the tow movement.

To prevent confusion with multiple groups conducting aircraft towing on the AOA, the appropriate radio call sign should be:

“COMPANY NAME Supertug / Tug + AIRCRAFT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER / NUMBER”
Examples: “United Tug One (1)”
“Spirit Supertug One (1)”

Tow vehicles should have posted inside the vehicle, in clear view of the driver, placards advising the maximum weight that can be safely towed and the drawbar rating.

When towing an aircraft with a tractor and tow bar, there should be a trained person in the cockpit who can stop the aircraft in the event that the tow bar breaks loose from the tow tractor or aircraft.

If this person is only “riding the brakes” (and is not handling communications with the ATCT or is not in physical control of the aircraft), they are not required to have the MADE.

AIRCRAFT TAXI OPERATIONS
(BY NON-PILOTS / WITHOUT THE INTENTION OF FLIGHT)

Movement Area Driver Endorsement
Aircraft maintenance movements (without the intention of flight) in the Movement Area require at least one (1) qualified mechanic with the Movement Area Driver Endorsement (MADE). The mechanic with the MADE shall be the one communicating with the Air Traffic Control Tower (ATCT), whilst the mechanic, who is in physical control of the aircraft and is not handling communications with the ATCT, is not required to have the MADE.

In addition, the individual conducting taxi operations (without the intention of flight) in the Movement Area must successfully complete the respective training requirements listed below.

Taxi Qualifications
The owner/operator will ensure that the person intending to taxi any aircraft in the Movement Area (without the intention of flight) has successfully completed company-provided training and is qualified to start, run, and taxi each particular aircraft.

The owner/operator will provide documentation to Airfield Operations showing that each taxi-qualified person has completed company-provided training for each aircraft in which they are qualified to taxi as follows:

a. For FAR Part 121 Air Carriers: In accordance with their FAA-approved Part 121 certificate.
b. For all other tenants: At least once every twenty-four (24) consecutive calendar months.

Recurrent training documentation should be submitted with the Movement Area Driver Endorsement (MADE) application when applying for the MADE for the first time or when the MCO badge and MADE are being renewed.

Notes
During the performance of an aircraft taxi movement (without the intention of flight), the person handling communications with the Air Traffic Control Tower (ATCT) assumes all responsibility for that movement. To prevent confusion with multiple groups conducting aircraft taxi movements (without the intention of flight) on the AOA, the appropriate radio call sign should be:

“COMPANY NAME Maintenance + AIRCRAFT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER / TAIL NUMBER”

Examples: “United Maintenance 123 (1)”
“Citation Maintenance 550 Lima”
Aircraft taxi movements for the purpose of relocating an aircraft from a gate to a hangar/maintenance facility or vice versa by taxi-qualified personnel does not require prior authorization from AFOPS.

All other aircraft taxi movements without the intention of flight including, but not limited to, maintenance run-ups during restricted hours (2300-0700 local), high-speed taxi runs, compass swings, Aircraft Design Group VI movements etc., require notification to Airfield Operations prior to commencing taxi operation.

22. AIRCRAFT TOWING OPERATIONS

22.1 Failure to use due care while towing an aircraft that does not result in personal injury, property damage, or damage to an aircraft.

22.2 Failure to use due care while towing an aircraft that DOES result in personal injury, property damage, or damage to an aircraft.

22.3 Failure to advise ATCT that the aircraft is under tow.

22.4 Attempting to board or leave a moving aircraft or tow vehicle.

22.5 Failure to immediately report any unusual event, deviation, or incident while towing or taxiing an aircraft in the Movement Area to either Air Traffic Control Tower or Airfield Operations.

22.6 Excessive speed while towing an aircraft on the AOA.

22.7 Conducting tow operations on the Movement Area involving runway crossings when the ILS Critical Areas are being protected (ceiling is less than 800 feet and/or visibility is less than 2 miles).

22.8 Failure to ensure all towing equipment is serviceable and functioning properly before starting any tow operation.

22.9 Failure to secure or remove any loose equipment that could create a FOD hazard prior to conducting tow operations.

22.10 Placing oneself in the direct path of the aircraft wheels, walk between the nose wheel of the aircraft and its towing vehicle, or ride on any external portion of an aircraft, on the tow bar, or on the outside of the tow vehicle unless in an authorized seat while the aircraft is in motion.

22.11 Failure of the driver of the tow vehicle to maintain direct communications with the Air Traffic Control Tower, or to maintain direct communications with the person communicating with the Air Traffic Control Tower while conducting tow operations in the Movement Area.

22.12 Failure to stop the tow vehicle upon losing communications with the cockpit observer without ensuring communications was re-established with the aircraft while operating on the Movement Area.

22.13 Failure to have the aircraft’s navigation (red and green wingtip) lights (rotating beacon optional) operating when towing an aircraft during the period from official sunset to official sunrise while operating on the Movement Area or in a designated taxi lane.

22.14 Conducting tow operations with an aircraft that has an unsafe condition (such as low or no hydraulic pressure that provides braking, unsafe gear that is not properly pinned, etc.) without prior approval from Airfield Operations.
23. AIRCRAFT TAXI OPERATIONS (by non-pilots / without intention of flight)

23.1 Taxiing an aircraft without being taxi-qualified to start, run, and taxi that particular type of aircraft.

23.2 Failure to obtain Airfield Operations authorization prior to commencing non-routine aircraft taxi movement operations (run-ups, high-speed taxi runs, compass swing checks, Group VI movements, etc.

23.3 Failure to have aircraft’s rotating beacon and navigation lights (red & green wingtip lights) operating when taxiing on the AOA.

23.4 Failure to use due care while taxiing an aircraft that does not result in personal injury, property damage, or damage to an aircraft.

23.5 Failure to use due care while taxiing an aircraft that does result in personal injury, property damage, or damage to an aircraft.
PENALTIES FOR SAFETY VIOLATIONS

Safety violations are issued by Airport Operations and ARFF personnel in response to noncompliance with any safety rules, regulations, policies, or procedures. Safety violations are maintained on the violator’s record with the respective GOAA Department. With the exception of safety violations falling under administrative review, the penalties for safety violations are outlined below.

Terminal Areas, Outlying Parcels, and Non-Movement Area Safety Violations

1st Safety Violation:
- If the violator’s MCO badge is not confiscated, then the violator is required to retake the Non-Movement Area Driver CBT Course (N-MADT Course) and pass the test within two (2) weeks or the violator’s MCO badge will be confiscated and AOA access will be suspended until the violator retakes the N-MADT Course and passes the test.
- A letter will be sent to violator’s company advising of the violation.
- If the violator’s MCO badge is confiscated, then the violator’s AOA access is also suspended and the MCO badge and AOA access will not be reinstated for one (1) calendar day after the violator successfully passes the N-MADT Course.
- Any deviation regarding any of the above must be documented and approved by the Chief of Operations or designee, at his or her sole discretion.
- The violator’s MCO badge and/or AOA access may be permanently revoked, as recommended by the Chief of Operations or Chief Operating Officer (COO) or designee, at his or her sole discretion.

2nd Safety Violation (if within 6 months of 1st violation):
- The violator’s MCO badge is confiscated and AOA access is suspended for at least five (5) calendar days.
- A letter will be sent to the violator’s company advising of the violation.
- The violator’s MCO badge and AOA access will not be reinstated until the next business day following the five (5) calendar day suspension and after the violator successfully passes the N-MADT Course.
- Any deviation regarding any of the above must be documented and approved by the Chief of Operations or designee, at his or her sole discretion.
- The violator’s MCO badge and/or AOA access may be permanently revoked, as recommended by the Chief of Operations or Chief Operating Officer (COO) or designee, at his or her sole discretion.

3rd Safety Violation (if within 6 months of 1st violation):
- The violator’s MCO badge is confiscated and AOA access is suspended for at least ten (10) calendar days.
- A letter will be sent to violator’s company advising of the violation.
- The violator’s MCO badge and AOA access will not be reinstated until the next business day following the ten (10) calendar day suspension and after the violator successfully passes the N-MADT Course.
- Any deviation regarding any of the above must be documented and approved by the Chief of Operations or designee, at his or her sole discretion.
• The violator’s MCO badge and/or AOA access may be permanently revoked, as recommended by the Chief of Operations or Chief Operating Officer (COO) or designee, at his or her sole discretion.

4th Safety Violation (if within 6 months of 1st violation):

• The violator’s MCO badge is confiscated.

• The violator’s MCO driving privileges will be permanently revoked.

• The violator’s MCO badge will be returned **WITHOUT** the AOA Driver endorsement after consultation with the violator’s manager.

• The violator’s MCO badge and/or AOA access may be permanently revoked, as recommended by the Chief of Operations or Chief Operating Officer (COO) or designee, at his or her sole discretion.

*A business day is considered Monday through Friday and does not include public holidays.*
Movement Area Safety Violations

1st Movement Area Safety Violation:
- The violator’s MCO badge is confiscated and AOA access is suspended for at least five (5) calendar days.
- A letter will be sent to violator’s company advising of the violation.
- The violator’s MCO badge and AOA access will not be reinstated until the next business day following the five (5) calendar day suspension and after the violator successfully completes remedial training with Airfield Operations.
- Any deviation regarding any of the above must be documented and approved by the Chief of Operations or designee, at his or her sole discretion.
- The violator’s MCO badge and/or AOA access may be permanently revoked, as recommended by the Chief of Operations or Chief Operating Officer (COO), at his or her sole discretion.

2nd Movement Area Safety Violation within five (5) years of the 1st Movement Area Safety Violation:
- The violator’s MCO badge is confiscated and AOA access is suspended for at least ten (10) Calendar days.
- A letter will be sent to violator’s company advising of the violation.
- The violator’s MCO Badge and AOA access will not be reinstated until the next business day following the ten (10) calendar day suspension and after the violator successfully passes the NMAD Course.
- Any deviation regarding any of the above must be documented and approved by the Chief of Operations or designee, at his or her sole discretion.
- The violator’s MCO badge and/or AOA access may be permanently revoked, as recommended by the Chief of Operations or Chief Operating Officer (COO), at his or her sole discretion.

3rd Movement Area Safety Violation within five (5) years of the 1st Movement Area Safety Violation:
- The violator’s MCO badge is confiscated.
- The violator’s MCO movement area driving privileges will be permanently revoked.
- The violator’s MCO badge and/or AOA access may be permanently revoked, as recommended by the Chief of Operations or Chief Operating Officer (COO) or designee, at his or her sole discretion.

*A business day is considered Monday through Friday and does not include public holidays.*
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